Digitally Adjustable Display Sensor

Used with:
Unit Ventilators (UV) - Sensor Part No. 910247448
Units with MicroTech® Controls
Models UAV, UAH, UAR/ER, UAZ and UAE

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Sensor functions:
The display sensor is used in conjunction with MicroTech equipped Unit Ventilator units. This digitally adjustable sensor displays Room Temperature, Occupancy, Alarm, Setpoint, Occupied/Unoccupied Request and Override Reset. (Figure 1).

Sensor buttons & dimensions

Figure 1: Digital display sensor - P/N 910247448

The display sensor can be used on the products shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Product usage guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Controls</th>
<th>Used with Digitally Adjustable Sensor with Temperature and Humidity Display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit Ventilator</td>
<td>Vertical</td>
<td>Floor Model</td>
<td>UAV</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Horizontal</td>
<td>Ceiling Model</td>
<td>UAH</td>
<td>MicroTech Unit Controls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Self-Contained</td>
<td>Floor Models</td>
<td>UAZ, UAE, UAR, UGR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mounting

**Location**
Avoid mounting on outside walls or in direct sunlight.

**Junction Box, (J-Box)**
1. Pull the wire through the wall and out of the junction box, leaving about six inches free.
2. Pull the wire through the hole in the base plate.
3. Secure the back plate to the box using the #6-32 × 1/2 inch mounting screws provided.
4. Screw the plate firmly to the wall so the foam plate backing is compressed about 50%.
5. Terminate the unit according to the guidelines in the Termination section.
6. Attach Cover by latching it to the top of the base, rotating it down and snapping into place.
7. Secure the cover by backing out the lock-down screws using a 1/16" Allen wrench until it is flush with the bottom of the cover.

![Figure 2: Junction box mounting (hardware is provided for both junction box and drywall installation.)](image)

**Drywall mounting**
1. Place the base plate against the wall where you want to mount the sensor.
2. Mark out the two mounting holes where the unit will be attached to the wall. Drill a 3/16" hole in the center of each mounting hole and insert a drywall anchor into the holes.
3. Drill one 1/2" hole in the middle of the marked wiring through hole area.
4. Pull the wire through the wall and out the 1/2" hole, leaving about six inches free.
5. Pull the wire through the hole in the base plate.
6. Secure the base to the drywall anchors using the #6 × 1" mounting screws provided.
7. Screw the plate firmly to the wall so the foam plate backing is compressed about 50%.
8. Terminate the unit according to the guidelines in the Termination section.
9. Attach cover by latching it to the top of the base, rotating it down and snapping it into place.
10. Secure the cover by backing out the lock-down screws using a 1/16" Allen wrench until it is flush with the sides of the cover.

*Note: in any wall-mount application, the wall temperature and the temperature of the air within the wall cavity can cause erroneous readings. The mixing of room air and air from within the wall cavity can lead to condensation, erroneous readings and sensor failure. To prevent these conditions, Daikin recommends sealing the conduit leading to the junction box with fiberglass.*

**Maintenance**
Wipe the display as needed with a damp water only cotton cloth. Do not use any type of cleaner as it may damage the buttons or scratch the display. Do not paint.

**Terminations**
Daikin Applied recommends using shielded 22AWG for all connections and a separate twisted pair for the power wire connections. The shield should be earth grounded only at the power source. Larger gauge wire may be required for runs greater than 250'.

![Figure 3: Sensor circuit board](image)
All wiring must comply with the National Electric Code (NEC) and local codes. Do NOT run any of this device’s wiring in the same conduit as other AC power wiring. Tests show that fluctuating and inaccurate signal levels are possible when AC power wiring is present in the same conduit as the signal lines. If you are experiencing any of these difficulties, please contact your Daikin representative.

**CAUTION**

The AC power wiring at terminals [R] & [S] should be run in a separate twisted shielded pair to avoid fluctuating and inaccurate signal levels induced into the other sensor signal wires. This sensor AC power can be run in the same conduit with the sensor signal wire as long as it's run in twisted, shielded pair and terminated properly.

**Table 2: Unit ventilator MicroTech board to room temperature sensor wiring**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal Block Label</th>
<th>TB1</th>
<th>H6-1</th>
<th>H6-2</th>
<th>H6-3</th>
<th>H6-4</th>
<th>H6-5</th>
<th>H6-6</th>
<th>H6-7</th>
<th>H6-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>24VAC (See Note)</td>
<td>Occupancy</td>
<td>Shutdown (Not Used)</td>
<td>Status LED</td>
<td>Setpoint</td>
<td>Unit Mode (Not Used)</td>
<td>Fan Speed (Not Used)</td>
<td>10K RTD</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wire</td>
<td>908</td>
<td>907</td>
<td>906</td>
<td>909</td>
<td>912</td>
<td>901</td>
<td>902</td>
<td>911</td>
<td>910</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Typical Wiring**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal Label</th>
<th>R</th>
<th>U</th>
<th>1 (ST)</th>
<th>3 (SP)</th>
<th>2 (FM)</th>
<th>6 (FC)</th>
<th>4 (UTS)</th>
<th>5 (GND)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>24VAC (See Note)</td>
<td>Unoccupied</td>
<td>Unit Status Output</td>
<td>Setpoint Adjust</td>
<td>Unit Mode (Not Used)</td>
<td>Fan Speed (Not Used)</td>
<td>Sensor &amp; Tenant Override</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensor**

**Room Temperature Sensor**

**Terminal descriptions**

**Note:** Refer to "Figure 3: Sensor circuit board" on page 3 for terminal locations

**R**......... 15 to 28VAC* (AC requires separate shielded wire) (Shield terminated at power source only) 

**U**......... Unoccupied Contact. (Terminal grounded when in Unoccupied, VDC only).

**1(ST).....** Status Indicator Input from the MicoTech Unit Controller. (5VDC).

**3(SP) ...** Output Signal, Setpoint Adjust from 55°F to 95°F (default) or ±5°F Configurable. (0 to 5VDC) See Setpoint Analog Range Tolerances. See Table 3.

**4(UTS) .** Output Signal, Room Temp Thermistor Sensor. (10K ATP Z curve, 10K-2).

**5(GND) .** Ground or Neutral* (AC requires separate shielded wire). Common Reference for All Signal Terminals.

**Setpoint analog range tolerance**

**Table 3: Setpoint analog range tolerance**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setpoint Analog Tolerance</th>
<th>55°F to 95°F Scale</th>
<th>-5°F to +5°F Scale</th>
<th>Terminal 3 Analog Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>@ 55°F (min.)</td>
<td>@ -5°F (min.)</td>
<td>0.0 to 0.10 vdc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@65°F</td>
<td>@ -2.5°F</td>
<td>1.3 to 1.42 vdc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@75°F</td>
<td>@ 0°F</td>
<td>2.12 to 2.2 vdc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@85°F</td>
<td>@ +2.5°C</td>
<td>2.58 to 2.63 vdc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@95°F (max.)</td>
<td>@ +5°F (max.)</td>
<td>3.0 to 4.0 vdc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Initial start-up occupied sequence**

On initial installation power-up, the sensor is in “Occupied” mode with a solid occupied icon and DC voltage at terminal “U”. If the “STATUS/Dot” input on Terminal 1 from the controller indicates occupied (“ON” continuous), then the unit continues to stay “Occupied”. If the “STATUS/Dot” input on Terminal 1 from the controller indicates unoccupied (5 seconds “ON” then 5.5 seconds “OFF”), then the occupied icon will flash the desired occupancy status every 8 seconds, indicating to the user a mismatch of the desired occupied status and system occupied status at the controller.
Power fail start-up occupied sequence
On a power failure, the sensor retains its last known desired occupancy status in non-volatile memory. On restoration of power, the sensor restores its last known desired occupancy state from memory. The occupied icon will reflect this with a solid (occupied) or hollow (unoccupied) indication and terminal “U” will have voltage applied (occupied) or grounded (unoccupied). If the “STATUS/Dot” input on Terminal 1 from the controller matches this occupancy state then the occupied status icon will continue to be solid or hollow depending on the last known state. If the “STATUS/Dot” input on Terminal 1 from the controller is different from the sensor occupied state, then the occupied icon will flash the desired occupancy state every 8 seconds indicating to the user a mismatch of the desired occupied status and system occupied status at the controller.

Display descriptions
Numerical display
The factory setting default numerical display (Figure 4) shows current temperature (°F or °C) and toggles the setpoint display every 5 seconds.

Figure 4: Sensor numerical display

Adjusting the setpoint
(Temperature)
- Push the ▲ or ▼ button, the displayed setpoint can be adjusted up or down.
- After an adjustment, the setpoint is displayed for 5 seconds.
The unit can also be programmed in the field to “Setpoint Only” display or Setpoint Lockout. See the “Optional technician adjustments” on page 6.

Front Panel Button Operation
Occupied icon indicator
The Occupied Icon on the left side of the display indicates whether the room sensor is in the Occupied or Unoccupied Mode. (Figure 5).

Figure 5: Occupied & unoccupied icons

Solid is Occupied and Hollow is Unoccupied.
- A blinking icon every 8 seconds indicates an override request that has not been fulfilled.

“OVERRIDE” on the display
The “OVERRIDE” word indicator in the top left corner illuminates when the sensor is signalled by the “Status” input (Terminal 1).
This is initiated from the Override/Reset Button at first and then confirmed from the “Status” input code which keeps the “OVERRIDE” indicator on.

“ALARM” on the display
The “ALARM” word indicator on top illuminates when the sensor interprets the “Status” input code from the controller as an alarm. See Table 4.

“E-SAVE” word on the display
The “E-SAVE” word indicator on top illuminates when the sensor interprets the “Status” input code from the controller as Standby Mode. See Table 4.

“SETPOINT” word on the display
The “Setpoint” word on top illuminates when the sensor is displaying the setpoint on the numerical display (Temperature). When this “Setpoint” indicator is off, the numerical display shows the actual room temperature.

“STATUS” word & dot on the display
The Status “Dot” on the display indicates the unit status or alarm condition. It is turned “On” and “Off” by interpreting the status input from the controller on terminal 1. Table 4 shows the conditions and sensor status.

Table 4: Unit ventilator unit status timing definitions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status LED Mode</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>LED On Time (Sec.)</th>
<th>LED Off Time (Sec.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alarm_Active</td>
<td>Alarm Active: Specific alarm determines number of flashes</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.3 (1.3 between cycles)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wink</td>
<td>Network wink active</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service_Test</td>
<td>Service test mode</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>Continually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unocc</td>
<td>Unoccupied mode</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standby</td>
<td>Standby mode</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Occ_Bypass</td>
<td>Occupied, bypass mode</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Continually</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Front panel button operation

Override/Reset button (timed override & alarm reset)

When the "Override/Reset" Button is pressed, the thermistor sensor is shorted. If held for more than 3 seconds but less than 11 seconds, it puts the controller into a timed Occupied Override (the time is set by the controller). If the unit is in alarm, then holding the "Override/Reset" Button for more than 11 seconds will clear all alarms in the controller but only if the cause of the alarm has already returned to its non-alarm condition. Some alarms will not reset from the digital room sensor.

In this case, power to the unit must be cycled off for 5 seconds to clear the alarm. Continuously resetting alarms from the room sensor could damage the controller. Please call a service technician when repeated alarm resets are required to keep the unit operational.

Occupied button (occupied/unoccupied request)

Note: Terminal “U” opens HI to source power on power-up “Occupied”

When the "Occupancy" Button is pushed, the current “Occupied” or “Unoccupied” status of the sensor will be toggled to the opposite condition for 20 seconds. Both the display and “U” terminal output reflect the new status during the 20 seconds. If a confirmation signal is received from the controller into the Status Input terminal “1” within 20 seconds, then the new occupancy condition remains; otherwise the “U” terminal will return to the original state and the “Occupied” Icon will flash the desired occupancy state every 8 seconds.

Up & down setpoint buttons (Temp)

Press the Setpoint “Up/Down” Buttons once to enter the Setpoint Adjustment Mode. The current setpoint value will display for 5 seconds. When the “Up/Down” Buttons are pressed in this mode, the temperature setpoint will change in one degree increments. It will only change within the temperature setpoint range that was ordered (or the setpoint range that was set via the Program Mode).

After 5 seconds of no buttons being pushed, the sensor will go into the standard display mode.

Optional technician adjustments

Note: The sensor setup is factory set per your order. Setup adjustments are not required

The unit is shipped ready to install per the order and does not require any special setup or programming. The following Program Menu Changes are available if the installer decides to change the factory settings. The Setpoint Up/Down Buttons and Occupancy Button are used in the Programming Mode to make Menu changes and selection.

Set-up jumper (J50) configuration (Factory set per order)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAUTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turn off power to the unit before reconfiguring the F/C jumper setting. Damage to the sensor board can occur if jumpers are moved while there is power to the unit and sensor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Program mode menu pages:

Entering program mode and making changes

1. Install the J50 “PRG” jumper onto both pins with power turned on to enter Program Mode.
2. Press the Up/Down Buttons to advance to the desired program parameter from P1 through P14 (Parameters described below).
3. Press the Occupancy Button to select the specific program parameter to change.
4. Change the parameter value as described in the Mode Menus section below. (Usually with the Up/Down Button)
5. Press the Occupancy Button again to set the selected parameter.
6. Press the Up/Down Buttons to proceed to the next parameter (as in Step 2 above).
7. When done making changes, remove the J50 “PRG” jumper (and place over one pin). This action will end the Programming Mode and store all the values. The sensor is now in the Run Mode.

Program mode menu pages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P1 Setpoint Mode (Factory set to temperature value “S1”. J50 °F/°C must be set before entering the program “PRG” mode).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• S1 – “UP/DOWN” to select setpoint to absolute temperature setpoint value. Actual setpoint value set in P4 and P5. Example: 55°F (13°C) to 95°F (35°C).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• S2 – “UP/DOWN” to select setpoint to relative temperature setpoint value of ±5.0°F (±2.8°C).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• S3 – Not used</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
P2  Temperature Offset (Factory set to zero).
• “UP” to increase offset up to +2
• “DOWN” to decrease offset down to -2

P4  Setpoint Low Range (Factory set to 55°F or 13°C depending on J50 °F/°C setting).
P1 in S1 Mode: Adjustment range 55 to 65°F or 13 to 18°C.
• “UP” to increase the low setpoint range up to 65°F or 18°C
• “DOWN” to decrease the low setpoint range down to 55°F or 13°C
P1 in S2 Mode: No adjustment. Factory set to -5°F (-2.8°C).
P1 in S3 Mode: Not used

P5  Setpoint High Range (Factory set to 95°F or 35°C depending on J50 °F/°C setting).
P1 in S1 Mode: Adjustment range 85 to 95°F or 29 to 35°C.
• “UP” to increase the high setpoint range up to 95°F or 35°C
• “DOWN” to decrease the high setpoint range down to 85°F or 29°C
P1 in S2 Mode: No adjustment. Factory set to 5°F (2.8°C).
P1 in S3 Mode: Not used

P8  Display Resolution (Factory set to ±0.5 resolution, “0.5”).
0.1 “UP/DOWN” to set resolution to ±0.1, (Rounds up at .05).
0.5 “UP/DOWN” to set resolution to ±0.5, (Rounds up at .08).
1 “UP/DOWN” to set resolution to ±1.0, (Rounds up at .5).

P10 Display Mode
• “UP/DOWN” to set display mode
• Choose from the following numbered list:
  1. No value on the main display (Blank).
  2. Temperature Value (TV).
  3. Temperature Setpoint (TSP).
  4. Temperature Value & Temperature Setpoint (Default)

P11 Setpoint Button Lockout (Factory set to “0”: Temp.
Setpoint Enabled.

Note: 1. Selections in P11 will impact Menu P10).
2. After changing P11 option, remove PRG jumper on
J50 to exit programming mode and refresh options.
In order to make additional programming changes,
PRG Jumper must be reinstalled to enter
programming mode.

1 Temperature Setpoint is Disabled.

P13 Occupancy Button Enable/Disable (Factory set to enabled “ObE”).
ObE Occupancy Button Enabled (Factory default)
Obsd Occupancy Button Disabled

P14  Firmware Version - XXX.X

P15  For Units with a BACnet or LonWORKS
Communications Module
Setpoint Calibration Offset (Factory set to “0”).
• “UP” to increase offset up to +100 will raise the MicroTech perceived set point from the sensor
• “DOWN” to decrease offset down to -100. This will lower the MicroTech perceived set point from the sensor
Calibrate the displayed set point to the set point value sent to the MicroTech controller as follows:
1. Set the digital room sensor displayed set point to 90° F.
2. Observe the local set point via the BAS/EMS connected by the BACnet or LonWORKS Communications Module.
3. Adjust the Configuration Menu P15 on the sensor until the local set point and the displayed set point are equal.

P15  For Units without a BACnet or LonWORKS
Communications Module
Setpoint Calibration Offset (Factory set to “0”).
• “UP” to increase offset up to +100 will raise the MicroTech perceived set point from the sensor
• “DOWN” to decrease offset down to -100. This will lower the MicroTech perceived set point from the sensor
The Setpoint Calibration Offset can be calculated using the following formula:
ROUND [(Controller Vdd / Sensor Vdd )*1000]-1000

Example:
Given: Controller Vdd = 5.15VDC
Sensor Vdd = 4.95 VDC
The programmed Calibration Offset would be
[(5.15/4.95)*1000] -1000 = 40

Diagnostics

Problem & possible solution

No display
• Check the power connections and power voltage level
• Replace unit if power is okay

No temperature signal
• Be sure the termination and wiring is correct and the controller is set up properly. Make sure the “Override/Reset” button is not stuck down
• Replace unit if all checks are okay

Override/Reset not working
• Measure the resistance to ground at the sensor output terminal (Term. 4). When pushing the Override Button, it should show a short. If not, replace the sensor

Occupied not working
• Verify that this terminal is in a powered circuit. Measure the voltage to ground at the occupied terminal (U). When pushing the Occupied Button (<2 secs), it should read close to 0 volts. When you lift the button it should read high volts
• Replace unit if it still doesn’t work
“Err” shown on the screen
• This indicates that the temperature and humidity sensing element has failed.

Up or Down key does not change setpoints
• Check to verify Set points are not locked out in Programming Mode Menu Page P11.

Solid Man goes away after 20 seconds
• Occupancy Request was not acknowledged by Main controller, check wiring of Status Signal from controller.

Specifications
Supply voltage
AC Hot.....................(R) 7 to 28VAC, 24VAC nominal, 0.17VA
GND/Neutral............(5) Sensor common reference ground.

Sensor
Temperature ..........10K-2 Thermistor, ±0.36°F (±0.2°C)

Outputs
Unoccupied...........(U), Unoccupied = Digital low to ground
(Same ground as power source), 100mA
System Off..........(E), System Off = Digital low to ground
(Same ground as power source), 100mA
Setpoint.............(3), Analog, 0 to 5 VDC.
Temperature..........(4), Analog thermistor resistance.

Sensor controls
Setpoint ............2 Up/Down buttons
Occupied ............1 button to check and request change in Occupancy Status.
Override/Reset .......1 button to request timed occupancy override and reset alarms.
Inputs:...............(1), Controller alarm & system status, 5VDC max.
Termination:............10 Terminals, 16 to 22 AWG.
Mounting:.................Standard 2“ × 4” J-Box or Drywall

Field setup jumper J50
PRG ......................Program Mode, On = Program, Off = Run.
F/C ......................Display Units, On = °C, Off = °F.

Display
LCD
Overall size...........2.04"W × 1.33"H.
Main Digits.............±999.9 Digits @0.6"H
Resolution...............0.5 displayed value, 0.1 for offset adjust
Main Value.............Temp & Setpoint, toggling every 5 sec.
Eng. Units..............°F, °C
Occupied Icon..........Hollow = Unoccupied, Solid = Occupied.
Function.................Override, Alarm, E-Save, Setpoint

Field configuration menu
(Requires J50 PRG jumper to be “On”)
Offset ..................Temp display, ±2°F (±1.0°C).
Setpoint range .......Default 55°F to 95°F (13°C to 35°C), or ±5°F
                      (±3°C). Adjustable between 55°F to 85°F, ±5.0°F (±2.8°C).
Resolution...............Main display can be default .5, or .1 or 1.0
                      (°F, °C).
Display Mode...........Temp only, Setpoint only or both.

Enclosure material
ABS Plastic, UL94V-0.

Ambient
32° to 122°F (0° to 50°C), 0 to 95%RH, Non-condensing.

Agency
Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS).